



Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

Thursday, January 23, 2014, 12 p.m.

SACOG Board Room

Teleconference Information:

Toll Free Dial-in Number: 888-431-3598

ACCESS CODE: 6748387102

1. Introductions and Information Sharing
 - A. 2013-14 Flexible Funds Programming Round Approved
 - B. Safe Routes to School Advisory Committee meeting February 28th
 - C. Update on Regional Bicycle Education
2. Summary of October 24, 2013, Meeting* ◀
3. TDM Tier 2 Grants (Mr. Tendick)
4. 2014 Educational Opportunities (Ms. Symons-Holtzen)
5. Active Transportation Program Update (Ms. Devere-Oki)
6. May is Bike Month Planning (Mr. Tendick/Ms. Hill)
7. California by Bike Summit Report (Ms. Hill)
8. Other Matters
9. Adjournment

The next meeting is scheduled for: Thursday, April 24, 2014, 12 p.m.

* Indicates Attachment

◀ Indicates Action

The Meridian Plaza Building is accessible to the disabled. If requested, this agenda, and documents in the agenda packet can be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the Federal Rules and Regulations adopted in implementation thereof. Persons seeking an alternative format should contact SACOG for further information. In addition, a person with a disability who requires a modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, in order to participate in a public meeting should contact SACOG by phone at 916-321-9000, e-mail (contact@sacog.org) or in person as soon as possible and preferably at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.

Parking is available at 15th and K Streets

Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee
Thursday, October 24th 2013, 12PM

Attendees:

Dan Allison, San Juan Unified School District	Monika Jansen, WALKS Sacramento
Jim Antone, Yolo-Solano AQMD	Erik Johnson, SACOG
William Appleby, Yuba Area Bike Advocates	Eric Jones, Southgate Recreation and Park District
Donnie Brower, Sacramento Area Bicycle Advocates	Dave "DK" Kemp, City of Davis
Jim Brown, Sacramento Area Bicycle Advocates	Dan Klinker, Sacramento County DOT
Victoria S. Cacciatore, SACOG	Jim Konopka, City of Folsom
Ed Cox, City of Sacramento	Jordan Lang, Sacramento Area Bicycle Advocates
John Deeter, Environmental Council of Sacramento	Amy Martin, SACOG
Renée Devere-Oki, SACOG	Terry Preston, WALKS Sacramento
Lisa Dixon, Elk Grove School District	Lindell Price, El Dorado County
Mark Doty, Elk Grove Trails Commission	Erik Reitz, Yolo County Transportation District
Chris Dougherty, City of West Sacramento	Tara Scheiter, SACOG
Rachel Dubose, Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD	Walt Seifert
Bill Forrest, City of Galt	Lacey Symons-Holtzen, SACOG
Cassie Gardener, Breathe California	AJ Tendick, SACOG
JJ Hurley, Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD	Jeff Werner, City of Elk Grove

1. Introductions and Information Sharing

Mr. Tendick shared that the staff recommendation for Transportation Demand Management Tier 2 projects is scheduled to go to the Board for approval in November, and that several bike projects are included in the recommendation. A full report on the TDM Tier 2 projects can be expected at the January Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee.

Mr. Deeter shared that the ECOS Annual Award Ceremony is Monday, October 28, 4:30 p.m. at the Sierra Health Foundation on Garden Highway.

Mr. Appleby shared that members of the Yuba Area Bike Advocates recently attended a California Bicycle Advisory Committee presentation on the Active Transportation Program.

Mr. Brown shared that SABA has been talking with the City of Sacramento and the Kings ownership group about bicycle parking and access to the Entertainment & Sports Center site for events as well as regular transportation needs. SABA is working in the South Sacramento area conducting bike audits, bikeway mapping, and other services, and is preparing for the impending City of Sacramento bike plan update.

Mr. Antone announced that applications for Yolo-Solano AQMD's Clean Air Funds will be available at end of January.

Mr. Preston shared that WALKS Sacramento members attended the first Walking Summit in Washington D.C. and spoke with legislative officials about the importance of walkability.

Mr. Hurley announced that the Bike Share Business Plan has been released on the Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD's website.

<http://www.airquality.org/bikeshare/MediaAdvisory20131014.shtml>

Mr. Dougherty announced that West Sacramento received its first Bicycle Friendly City designation at the bronze level.

Ms. Cacciatore announced that the November 20th "Is There Safety in Numbers for Cyclists and Pedestrians" webinar will be hosted at the Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD and all are invited to attend. The webinar will run from 12-1PM and will be followed by a brief discussion period. Ms. Cacciatore agreed to follow-up on the committee's expressed interest in a public viewing of the November 7th APBP webinar about NACTO's new Urban Street Design Guidelines.

Mr. Tendick reminded the committee that SACOG Salutes! Nominations are open until November 1st. Award categories include: elected official, blueprint excellence, regional organization, regional project, regional business, employee of the year, citizen of the year, and youth excellence.

2. **Summary of July 25, 2013 Meeting:** The summary of the July 25, 2013 BPAC meeting was approved by consensus.
3. **2014 Meeting Dates:** Ms. Symons-Holtzen presented the proposed 2014 meeting dates to the Committee. The group discussed whether there was a need to meet more frequently, though the majority of members expressed satisfaction with meeting quarterly. The proposed 2014 meeting dates were approved by consensus.
4. **Legislative Update for California:** Mr. Johnson provided background on the recently concluded California legislative season and highlighted legislation affecting bicycle/transit connections. He also discussed the local and statewide impacts of a bill that establishes the impending Entertainment Sports Complex in Sacramento as a demonstration project for modernizing CEQA in an effort to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Ms. Cacciatore summarized other legislation with potential impacts on the planning and construction of bicycle and pedestrian projects. The Committee discussed more in depth the pros and cons of Assembly Bill 1371, which requires vehicle drivers to allow three feet of space when overtaking a cyclist.

Ms. Cacciatore summarized Senate Bill 99, which consolidates many existing state and federal bike/ped-related funding sources into one funding pot called the Active Transportation Program. California Transportation Commission (CTC) is currently developing the guidelines and hosting a series of listening sessions throughout the state to determine how the program will be implemented; the CTC expects to have draft guidelines available in January. Funds will be distributed competitively through SB 99, 50 percent statewide, 40 percent through MPOs such as SACOG, and 10 percent through small urban and rural areas. The Committee was interested in learning more about how the funds will be distributed regionally and statewide, how state and federal funds will be split between statewide and regional shares, and what the role of bicycle transportation plans will be under the new program. More information is expected to be available in time for the January committee meeting.

5. **Draft Recommendations for Flexible Funds Programming Round:** Ms. DeVere-Okie introduced the draft recommendations for the flexible funds programming round. The recommendations are being presented to the various SACOG advisory committees prior to the Transportation Committee and SACOG Board in November; the funding recommendation is scheduled to be approved by the Board in December. Analysis and a “snapshot” of each project recommended or not recommended for funding is included in the item. Ms. DeVere-Okie explained that the CMAQ and RSTP funds programmed through this funding round will be available in Federal Fiscal Years (FFY) 2015, 2016, and 2017, while State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) funds would be available in FFY 2018 and 2019. Ms. Devere-Okie reminded the committee that there may be an opportunity to advance projects through the Delivery Process once the funds are programmed into the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP).

Additional comments from the Committee included questions about Caltrans projects, how bike/ped projects integrated with transit projects, and how to strengthen connections between bike/ped and transit.

6. **Bicycle Count Efforts in the Sacramento Region:** Ms. Cacciatore introduced the discussion of bicycle count efforts by providing background on recent discussion through the Committee and webinars dissecting the topic. Mr. Konopka shared that City of Folsom has been conducting manual counts at eight locations, half on the trail network and half on the on-street bicycle facilities. The effort is conducted annually in September with assistance from approximately 15 volunteers. Bike ridership has increased over the three-year monitoring period, and City of Folsom is now pursuing the installation of bike/ped count-capable ECO counters in key locations to collect continuous data.

Mr. Dougherty shared that City of West Sacramento is experimenting by “tweaking” pneumatic traffic counters to detect bicycle traffic. Mr. Dougherty shared additional information from Boulder, CO, another area that has experimented with this type of traffic

detection. City of West Sacramento expects to document the process and initial results in a white paper that could be shared with other interested parties.

Mr. Kemp described the City of Davis's involvement in an NCHRP study to test and evaluate bike/ped count equipment, primarily ECO counter. City of Davis anticipates using the continuous data to identify patterns of use, illustrate the efficacy of different bike facilities, and target marketing/educational programs. The Committee discussed concerns surrounding automatic counters, such as the effects of weather and external conditions on the counter's accuracy, and counting cars as bikes.

Mr. Brown shared that SABA has been conducting quarterly manual counts for nine years at more than 20 locations in Sacramento and, recently, West Sacramento. Their methodology complies with the National Bicycle Documentation Project, and they recently developed an iPhone app to supplant use of paper count forms. SABA's counts consider turning behavior, direction of travel, gender of rider (when discernible), and sidewalk use.

The Committee expressed interest in another update once the Cities of Folsom, West Sacramento, and Davis can share more implementation experiences with their varied data collection approaches.

- 7. SRTS Advisory Committee Update:** Ms. Jansen described the Safe Routes to School (SRTS) Advisory Committee as an opportunity for collaboration on existing Safe Routes policies and programs. The group has met twice in 2013, and is now exploring SRTS data collection and use to support the future funding of projects. An upcoming effort is to create a regional bicycle and pedestrian education project as a baseline product for interested schools—such a product is in high-demand but is also difficult to provide.
- 8. Other Matters:** None.
- 9. Adjournment**



Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

January 16, 2013

TDM Tier 2 Bicycle Projects

Issue: Transportation Demand Management Tier 2 Grants

Recommendation: This item is for information only.

Discussion: In November 2013, the SACOG Board approved funding of projects for the Transportation Demand Management Tier 2 grant program. The following projects have bicycle components:

Youth Bicycle Education Video, North Natomas TMA –\$25,000

The NNTMA is going to develop a high quality, 30-45 minute, age-appropriate bicycle education video, with a target audience of 10 to 13 year olds. The main goal of the video is to educate and empower youth to safely travel by bicycle and do so safely. The video will be professionally produced and created to remain relevant for a minimum of 7 to 10 years. The format of the script is to be a series of cohesive vignettes with different topics, which can be shown in its entirety, or as stand-alone short segments. Topics will include (but are not limited to): traffic principals, right-of-way rules, pedestrian safety, bicycle parts and maintenance, helmet safety, types of intersections and how to navigate through them properly, hazard avoidance, common crashes and how to avoid them, route finding, locking your bike, and a promotional section on Bike Month. The video will feature children riding and modeling correct behavior, have a cinematic feel, and use motion graphics strategically to enhance main learning goals. The video will be shot in North Natomas and the surrounding Sacramento area so it has a local feel and is relevant for the region. Contact Becky Heieck for additional information at becky@nntma.org

Bicycle Friendly Business Program, City of Davis – \$15,000

This project entails the foundational development and promotion of Bicycle Friendly Businesses (BFB) in concert with similar programs administered by the League of American Bicyclists (LAB) and the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG). The program will provide an advisory role to encourage and support local businesses to submit BFB applications to both the LAB and SACOG. The goal of the program is primarily to reduce employee and patron vehicle miles traveled (VMT) while garnering regional and national recognition for participating businesses that demonstrate a strong commitment to fostering a bicycle friendly workplace. The BFB program will be integrated into SACOG's May is Bike Month activities by encouraging participating businesses to take part in sponsoring and staffing breakfast stations (energizer stations) on Bike to Work Day. Bike to Work Day will be further promoted to local businesses through a monthly Bike to Work Day sub-program to encourage year-round bicycling. Contact D.K. Kemp for additional information at dkemp@cityofdavis.org

Bicycle Friendly America Initiative, 50 Corridor TMA – \$35,000

This 16-month initiative will focus on assisting local jurisdictions and 25 businesses along the 50 Corridor to receive or improve their Bicycle Friendly Status. The designation, granted by the League of American Bicyclists, is a rigorous process which focuses on Education, Encouragement, Evaluation, Enforcement, and Engineering. This Tier 2 funding request will only address Education, Encouragement, Enforcement, and Evaluation, while the jurisdictions (City of Rancho Cordova and City of Folsom) will separately address Engineering requirements. The 50 Corridor TMA and its partners propose to establish a team of advocates along the 50 Corridor to work with jurisdictions, schools, and businesses to achieve various Bicycle Friendly designations by mid-2015. Contact Rebecca Garrison for additional information at rebecca@50corridortma.org.

AJT:gg

Key Staff: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services, (916) 340-6276
Lacey Symons-Holtzen, Active Transportation Team Manager, (916) 340-6212
A.J. Tendick, Transportation Demand Management Team Manager, (916) 340-6215
Victoria S. Cacciatore, Active Transportation Team Project Coordinator, (916) 340-6214



Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

January 16, 2014

2014 Educational Opportunities

Issue: Should SACOG host Association for Pedestrian and Bicycle webinars in 2014?

Recommendation: Staff is seeking Committee feedback only.

Discussion: For the past three years, staff has hosted multiple Association for Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals (APBP) webinars at the SACOG offices covering a variety of transportation-related pedestrian and bicycle topics. Local agency staff and advocates previously expressed interest in APBP webinars, and last January, the Committee was invited to select the highest priority webinars for 2013. Based on Committee feedback, staff added an information-sharing session following each broadcast for the following APBP webinars in 2013:

- January-April: *APBP Bike Parking Webinar Series*
- March: *Dynamics of Effective Advisory Committees*
- April: *Economic Benefits of Walkable and Bike Friendly Communities*
- July: *From Paint to Preform: Getting the Most from Pavement Markings*
- August: *Getting Better Data for Better Decisions: Improving Performance Measures and Outcomes*
- November: *Is There Safety in Numbers for Cyclists and Pedestrians?*

Staff is seeking feedback on how Committee members utilized the webinars to determine if SACOG should host APBP webinars in 2014 or pursue other educational, information-sharing opportunities of equivalent value (approximately \$450).

VSC:gg
Attachment

Key Staff: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services, (916) 340-6276
Lacey Symons-Holtzen, Active Transportation Team Manager, (916) 340-6212
Victoria S. Cacciatore, Active Transportation Team Project Coordinator, (916) 340-6214



[Print Page](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Your Cart](#) | [Sign In](#) | [Register](#)

SEARCH

Enter search criteria...

[Search »](#)

- [Home](#)
- [Join APBP](#)
- [Members Only](#)
- [Webinars](#)
- [Resources](#)
- [Training And Best Practices](#)
- [Groups](#)
- [C & S Directory](#)
- [Online Store](#)
- [News Room](#)
- [Links](#)
- [About Us](#)

PHOTO CONTEST
 2014 APBP Calendar
 Details »

Women Cycling Project info

NEW APBP SPEAKERS BUREAU

Event Calendar

APBP Webinar [UPCOMING](#) [PAST](#) [MONTH VIEW](#) [RSS](#)

Here you can find out about upcoming events and view photo galleries of past events. Some events may allow for online registration. Click the event name to view more details.

UPCOMING EVENTS

Wednesday, February 05, 2014

Institutionalizing Bikeshare Transit Systems (Bikeshare Transit Series #3)

2/5/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:30 p.m. Eastern
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)



Bikeshare Transit Webinar Series

2/5/2014 » 3/5/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:30 p.m. Eastern
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)



Wednesday, February 19, 2014

Design for Cyclist and Pedestrian Comfort

2/19/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)

Wednesday, March 05, 2014

The Future of Bikeshare Transit Systems (Bikeshare Transit Series #4)

3/5/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:30 p.m. Eastern
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Members Only](#)



Wednesday, March 19, 2014

All In: The Value of Investing in Complete and Green Streets

3/19/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)

Wednesday, April 16, 2014

Public Health Benefits of Active Transportation

4/16/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)

Wednesday, May 21, 2014

Best Planning and Engineering Practices for School Zones

5/21/2014
 Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.
[Export to Your Calendar](#) [Register](#) [Tickets Available](#)

Sign In

Remember Me



[Forgot your password?](#)

[Haven't registered yet?](#)

Latest News [more](#)

1/14/2014
 Rapid Response Grant application now open

12/20/2013
 ProWalk ProBike ProPlace Call for Proposals

12/18/2013
 ASLA is now accepting proposals for education sessions

Calendar [more](#)

1/17/2014 » 1/18/2014
 Oklahoma Bike Summit

1/31/2014
 Deadline for Proposals for ProWalk ProBike ProPlace

2/5/2014
 Institutionalizing Bikeshare Transit Systems (Bikeshare Transit Series #3)

2/5/2014 » 3/5/2014
 Bikeshare Transit Webinar Series

2/12/2014 » 2/13/2014
 2nd International Winter Cycling Congress





Wednesday, June 18, 2014

Calming Arterial Streets for Safer Walking and Cycling

6/18/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, July 16, 2014

From Fast to Safer: Best Practices Where Road Speeds Change

7/16/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, August 20, 2014

Transform Bicycling and Walking Outside the Urban Context

8/20/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, September 17, 2014

Optimize Signals for Pedestrians and Bicyclists

9/17/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, October 15, 2014

Design Treatments to Transition from Trails to Roadways

10/15/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, November 19, 2014

E-bikes, Electric Assist Bikes and Transportation Policy

11/19/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Wednesday, December 17, 2014

Getting to Better Outcomes from Public Engagement

12/17/2014

Time: 3:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Export to Your Calendar Register Tickets Available

Displaying page 1 of 1

© 2010 All Rights Reserved | Association of Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals
PO Box 93, Cedarburg, WI 53012

Association Management Software :: [Legal/Privacy](#)

Request For Proposals

apbp Professional Development Webinars

Details ►►►

apbp invites proposals specifically for topics in the monthly webinar series.



Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

January 16, 2014

Active Transportation Program Update

Issue: What is the status of the state Active Transportation Program?

Recommendation: This item is for information.

Discussion: Pursuant to the passage of Senate Bill (SB) 99, the California Transportation Commission (CTC) is developing guidelines for the Active Transportation Program (ATP). The ATP combines many federal and state funding streams previously used for bicycle, pedestrian, safety, and other related purposes into one funding stream with broad eligibilities. The purpose of the ATP is to accomplish the following goals:

- Increase the proportion of trips accomplished by biking and walking;
- Increase the safety and mobility of non-motorized users;
- Advance the active transportation efforts of regional agencies to achieve greenhouse gas reduction goals as established pursuant to SB 375 (C728, §2008) and SB 391 (C585, §2009);
- Enhance public health, including reduction of childhood obesity, through the use of programs including but not limited to projects eligible for Safe Routes to School Program funding;
- Ensure that disadvantaged communities fully share in the benefits of the program; and
- Provide a broad spectrum of projects to benefit many types of active transportation users.

A fund estimate for the ATP was released and approved by the CTC at the December 11, 2013, meeting (Attachment A). The fund estimate states \$359 million will be available through the ATP—half of the amount will be available through a statewide competitive funding program taking place in 2014 and the other half will be distributed to large urban, small urban, and rural areas through competitive programs managed by MPOs and the state.

The CTC conducted outreach through public workgroup meetings and specific subgroups to discuss particular elements of the guidelines from October 2013 through January 2014, and is now conducting public hearings for the draft guidelines. The Southern California hearing is scheduled for Wednesday, January 22nd, and the Northern California hearing will be held in Sacramento on Wednesday, January 29th. For more details on the schedule and the draft ATP guidelines, please see Attachment B.

VSC:gg

Attachment A: 2014 Active Transportation Program Fund Estimate

Attachment B: Draft Active Transportation Program Guidelines—1/10/14 version

Key Staff: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services, (916) 340-6276
Lacey Symons-Holtzen, Active Transportation Team Manager, (916) 340-6212
Renée Devere-Oki, Programming and Project Delivery Team Manager, (916) 340-6219
Victoria S. Cacciatore, Active Transportation Team Project Coordinator, (916) 340-6214

M e m o r a n d u m

To: CHAIR AND COMMISSIONERS
CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

CTC Meeting: December 11-12, 2013

Reference No.: 4.4
Action Item

From: STEVEN KECK
Acting Chief Financial Officer

Prepared by: Ron Sheppard
Division Chief
Budgets

Subject: **2014 ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM FUND ESTIMATE
RESOLUTION G-13-17**

RECOMMENDATION:

The California Department of Transportation (Department) requests the California Transportation Commission (Commission) approve the 2014 Active Transportation Program (ATP) Fund Estimate.

ISSUE:

The 2014 ATP Fund Estimate's program capacities are based on Senate Bill (SB) 99 and Assembly Bill (AB) 101, along with the Federal Highway Administration, Commission and California State Transportation Agency guidance. The Department will work with Commission Staff to make any needed updates or amendments.

In addition, the following assumptions were used to calculate the 2014 ATP Fund Estimate's program capacities:

1. Distribution to Metropolitan Planning Organizations is based upon total population.
 - Federal Transportation Alternative Program (TAP) funding distributed according to Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP21) guidance.
 - Other federal funds distributed by total population.
2. Recreational Trails not subject to Federal TAP distribution guidelines.
3. Federal Highway Safety Improvement Program funds will not be used in the ATP.
4. 95 percent obligation authority for all federal funding apportionments.
5. Fiscal year 2014-15 of the ATP Fund Estimate includes fiscal year 2013-14 carry over funds.
6. Population based on 2010 census data.
7. State and federal resources will remain stable throughout the fund estimate period.

BACKGROUND:

The Administration proposed the ATP in the January 2013 Governor's Budget proposal, but due to the complex nature of the programs, and the scope of the changes proposed, the Legislature chose to defer action on this proposal when adopting the June 15th Budget package and instead froze funds for these purposes and inserted intent language that the ATP would be developed before the end of the 2014 legislative session.

The new ATP will divide approximately \$124.2 million for active transportation projects between the state and regions subject to guidelines that will be adopted by the Commission.

This replaces the current system of small-dedicated grant programs, which fund programs like Safe Routes to Schools, bicycle programs, and recreational trails. The intent of combining this funding is to improve flexibility and reduce the administrative burden of having several small independent grant programs.

The ATP, as articulated in SB 99 and AB 101, signed into law September 26, 2013, differs from the Administration's initial proposal in several areas. These changes reflect compromises reached with various stakeholders and mirror concerns raised about the proposal in budget hearings, including:

1. Funding for the Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program continues to remain a stand-alone program administered by the Natural Resource Agency instead of being consolidated in the ATP.
2. The Safe Routes to Schools program is guaranteed at least \$24 million of funding from the Program funds for three years. Of this amount, at least \$7.2 million is available for non-infrastructure program needs including the continuation of technical assistance by the state. In the original proposal, the Safe Routes to Schools program had no funding minimum.
3. This proposal includes a requirement that 25 percent of all ATP funds benefit disadvantaged communities, an addition to the January proposal.
4. The state will not exercise its option to opt out of using federal funds transportation funds for recreational trails, which was initially part of the administration's proposal. In addition, the Department of Parks and Recreation will retain \$3.4 million of federal funds for recreational trails.

RESOLUTION G-13-17:

BE IT RESOLVED that the California Transportation Commission does hereby adopt the 2014 ATP Fund Estimate, as presented by the Department on December 11, 2013, with programming in the 2014 ATP to be based on the statutory funding identified.

Attachment

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM (ATP) PROPOSAL

FUND ESTIMATE

(\$ in thousands)

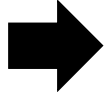
	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2-Year Total	3-Year Total
RESOURCES					
STATE RESOURCES					
Beginning Balance	\$0				\$0
State Highway Account	34,200	34,200	34,200	68,400	102,600
State Resources Subtotal	\$34,200	\$34,200	\$34,200	\$68,400	\$102,600
FEDERAL RESOURCES					
Transportation Alternative Program (TAP)	\$63,650	\$63,650	\$63,650	\$127,300	\$190,950
TAP Recreational Trails	1,900	1,900	1,900	3,800	5,700
Other Federal	19,950	19,950	19,950	39,900	59,850
Federal Resources Subtotal	\$85,500	\$85,500	\$85,500	\$171,000	\$256,500
TOTAL RESOURCES AVAILABLE	\$119,700	\$119,700	\$119,700	\$239,400	\$359,100
DISTRIBUTION					
URBAN REGIONS (MPO Administered)					
State	(\$13,221)	(\$13,221)	(\$13,221)	(\$26,442)	(\$39,663)
Federal	(34,659)	(34,659)	(34,659)	(69,318)	(103,977)
Urban Regions Subtotal	(\$47,880)	(\$47,880)	(\$47,880)	(\$95,760)	(\$143,640)
SMALL URBAN & RURAL REGIONS (State Administered)					
State	(\$4,829)	(\$4,829)	(\$4,829)	(\$9,658)	(\$14,487)
Federal	(7,141)	(7,141)	(7,141)	(14,282)	(21,423)
Small Urban & Rural Regions Subtotal	(\$11,970)	(\$11,970)	(\$11,970)	(\$23,940)	(\$35,910)
STATEWIDE COMPETITION (State Administered)					
State	(\$16,150)	(\$16,150)	(\$16,150)	(\$32,300)	(\$48,450)
Federal	(43,700)	(43,700)	(43,700)	(87,400)	(131,100)
Statewide Competition Subtotal	(\$59,850)	(\$59,850)	(\$59,850)	(\$119,700)	(\$179,550)
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	(\$119,700)	(\$119,700)	(\$119,700)	(\$239,400)	(\$359,100)

Notes: Individual numbers may not add to total due to independent rounding. Final dollar amounts may vary based on actual apportionment and obligational authority by FHWA or any changes in Federal guidance.

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM (ATP) PROPOSAL
URBAN REGION SHARES
(\$ in thousands)

FISCAL YEAR 2014-15

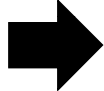
URBAN REGIONS	FEDERAL TAP	FEDERAL OTHER	STATE	TOTAL
MTC Region	\$ 10,503	\$ 3,829	\$ 5,816	\$ 20,149
SACOG Region	2,945	1,218	2,247	6,410
SCAG Region	28,985	9,667	12,213	50,865
Fresno COG (Fresno UZA)	1,118	498	1,005	2,622
Kern COG (Bakersfield)	895	450	1,021	2,366
SANDAG (San Diego UZA)	5,052	1,658	2,013	8,722
San Joaquin COG (Stockton)	633	367	931	1,931
Stanislaus COG (Modesto)	612	275	562	1,450
Tulare CAG (Visalia)	375	237	634	1,246
Total	\$ 51,119	\$ 18,199	\$ 26,442	\$ 95,760



Disadvantaged Communities*
\$ 5,037
1,602
12,716
655
591
2,180
483
362
311
\$ 23,940

FISCAL YEAR 2015-16

URBAN REGIONS	FEDERAL TAP	FEDERAL OTHER	STATE	TOTAL
MTC Region	\$ 5,252	\$ 1,915	\$ 2,908	\$ 10,075
SACOG Region	1,472	609	1,123	3,205
SCAG Region	14,493	4,833	6,106	25,432
Fresno COG (Fresno UZA)	559	249	503	1,311
Kern COG (Bakersfield)	448	225	510	1,183
SANDAG (San Diego UZA)	2,526	829	1,006	4,361
San Joaquin COG (Stockton)	317	183	465	966
Stanislaus COG (Modesto)	306	138	281	725
Tulare CAG (Visalia)	187	118	317	623
Total	\$ 25,559	\$ 9,100	\$ 13,221	\$ 47,880



Disadvantaged Communities*
\$ 2,519
801
6,358
328
296
1,090
241
181
156
\$ 11,970

Notes: Individual numbers may not add to total due to independent rounding. Final dollar amounts may vary based on actual apportionment and obligational authority by FHWA or any changes in Federal guidance.

*Per Senate Bill 99, ATP guidelines shall include a process to ensure no less than 25 percent of overall program funds benefit disadvantaged communities.

DRAFT
ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM
GUIDELINES

1/10/14

CONTENTS

Introduction	1
Background	1
Program Goals	1
Program Schedule.....	1
Funding	2
Source	2
Distribution.....	2
Matching Requirements.....	3
Funding For Active Transportation Plans.....	4
Reimbursement	4
Eligibility	4
Eligible Applicants	4
Partnering with Implementating Agencies.....	5
Eligible Projects.....	5
Example Projects.....	6
Project Type Requirements.....	7
Disadvantaged Communities.....	7
Safe Routes to School Projects.....	7
Recreational Trails Projects.....	7
Technical Assistance Resource Center.....	8
Project Selection Process	8
Project Application.....	8
Sequential Project Selection	9
MPO Competitive Project Selection	9
Screening Criteria.....	9
Scoring Criteria.....	10
Project Evaluation Committee	11

Programming.....	11
Project Programming.....	11
Allocations.....	12
Project Delivery.....	13
Project Inactivity.....	14
Project Reporting.....	14
Roles and Responsibilities.....	15
California Transportation Commission (Commission).....	15
California Department of Transportation (Caltrans).....	15
Metropolitan Planning Organizations with large urbanized areas.....	16
Regional Transportation Planning Agencies outside A MPO with Large Urbanized Areas and A MPO without Large Urbanized Areas.....	16
Project Applicant.....	17
Active Transportation Plan.....	17
Federal Requirements.....	18
Design Standards.....	19
Program Evaluation.....	19

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

The Active Transportation Program was created by Senate Bill 99 (Chapter 359, Statutes 2013) and Assembly Bill 101 (Chapter 354, Statutes 2013) to encourage increased use of active modes of transportation, such as biking and walking.

These guidelines describe the policy, standards, criteria, and procedures for the development, adoption and management of the Active Transportation Program. They were developed in consultation with the Active Transportation Program Workgroup. The workgroup includes representatives from Caltrans, other government agencies, and active transportation stakeholder organizations with expertise in pedestrian and bicycle issues, including Safe Routes to School programs.

The Commission must hold at least two public hearings prior to adopting the Active Transportation Program guidelines. The Commission may amend the adopted guidelines after conducting at least one public hearing. The Commission shall make a reasonable effort to amend the guidelines prior to a call for projects or may extend the deadline for project submission in order to comply with the amended guidelines.

PROGRAM GOALS

Pursuant to statute, the goals of the Active Transportation Program are to achieve:

- Increase the proportion of trips accomplished by biking and walking.
- Increase the safety and mobility of non-motorized users.
- Advance the active transportation efforts of regional agencies to achieve greenhouse gas reduction goals as established pursuant to Senate Bill 375 (Chapter 728, Statutes of 2008) and Senate Bill 391 (Chapter 585, Statutes of 2009).
- Enhance public health, including reduction of childhood obesity through the use of programs including, but not limited to, projects eligible for Safe Routes to School Program funding.
- Ensure that disadvantaged communities fully share in the benefits of the program.
- Provide a broad spectrum of projects to benefit many types of active transportation users.

PROGRAM SCHEDULE

The guidelines for an initial two-year program of projects must be adopted by March 26, 2014 (within six months of enactment of the authorizing legislation). No later than 45 days prior to adopting the initial set of guidelines for the Active Transportation Program, the Commission must submit the draft guidelines to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.

Subsequent programs must be adopted not later than April 1 of each odd-numbered year, however, the Commission may alternatively elect to adopt a program annually.

The following schedule lists the major milestones for the development and adoption of the 2014 Active Transportation Program:

Commission adopts Fund Estimate	December 11, 2013
Guidelines hearing, South	January 22, 2014
Guidelines hearing, North	January 29, 2014
Guidelines submitted to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee	February 3, 2014
Commission adopts Active Transportation Program Guidelines	March 20, 2014
Call for projects	March 21, 2014
Project applications to Commission	May 21, 2014
Large MPOs submit optional guidelines to Commission	May 21, 2014
Commission approves or rejects MPO guidelines	June 25, 2014
Staff recommendation for statewide rural & small urban portions of the program	August 8, 2014
Commission adopts statewide and rural/small urban portions of the program	August 20, 2014
Projects not programmed distributed to large MPOs based on location	August 20, 2014
Deadline for MPO project programming recommendations to the Commission	September 30, 2014
Commission adopts MPO selected projects	November 2014

FUNDING

SOURCE

The Active Transportation Program is funded from various federal and state funds appropriated in the annual Budget Act. These are:

- 100% of the federal Transportation Alternative Program funds, except for federal Recreation Trail Program funds appropriated to the Department of Parks and Recreation.
- \$21 million of federal Highway Safety Improvement Program funds or other federal funds.
- State Highway Account funds.

In addition to furthering the goals of this program, all Active Transportation Program projects must meet eligibility requirements specific to the Active Transportation Program's funding sources.

DISTRIBUTION

State and federal law segregate the Active Transportation Program into multiple, overlapping components. The Active Transportation Program Fund Estimate shall indicate the funds available for each of the program components. Consistent with these requirements, the Active Transportation Program funds shall be distributed as follows:

1. Forty percent to Metropolitan Planning Organizations in urban areas with populations greater than 200,000.

These funds shall be distributed based on total county population. The funds programmed and allocated under this paragraph shall be selected through a competitive process by the MPOs in accordance with these guidelines.

Projects selected by MPOs may be in either large urban, small urban, or rural areas.

25% of the funds distributed to each MPO must benefit disadvantaged communities.

The following statutory requirements apply specifically to the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG)

- SCAG shall consult with county transportation commissions, the Commission, and Caltrans in the development of competitive project selection criteria.
 - The criteria used by SCAG should include consideration of geographic equity, consistent with program objectives.
 - SCAG shall place priority on projects that are consistent with plans adopted by local and regional governments within the county where the project is located.
 - SCAG shall obtain concurrence from the county transportation commissions.
2. Ten percent to small urban and rural areas with populations of 200,000 or less, with projects competitively awarded by the Commission to projects in those regions. Federal law segregates the Transportation Alternative Program into separate small urban and rural competitions; therefore this portion of the program will be segregated into separate Small Urban and Rural programs based upon their relative share of the state population. Small Urban areas are those with populations of 5,001 to 200,000. Rural areas are those with populations of 5,000 or less.

25% of the funds in the Small Urban and Rural programs must benefit disadvantaged communities.

Projects within the boundaries of a MPO with an urban area with a population of greater than 200,000 are not eligible for funding in the Small Urban or Rural programs.

3. Fifty percent to projects competitively awarded by the Commission on a statewide basis.

25% of the funds in the statewide competitive program must benefit disadvantaged communities.

In the initial program, a minimum of \$24 million per year of the statewide competitive program is available for safe routes to schools projects, with at least \$7.2 million for non-infrastructure grants, including funding for a state technical assistance resource center.

MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Projects shall include at least 12% in matching funds except for projects benefiting a disadvantaged community, stand-alone non-infrastructure projects and safe routes to schools projects. The source of the matching funds may be any combination of local, state or federal funds. Matching funds must be expended in the same project phase (permits and environmental studies; plans, specifications, and estimates; right-of-way capital outlay; support for right-of-way acquisition; construction capital outlay; and construction engineering) as the Active Transportation Program funding. Matching funds cannot be expended prior to the Commission allocation of Active Transportation Program funds. Matching funds, except matching funds over and above the required 12%, must be expended concurrently and proportionally to the Active Transportation Program funds.

Large MPOs, in administering a competitive selection process, may require a larger funding match for projects selected through their competitive process. Applicants from within a large MPO should be aware that the match requirements may differ between the MPO and statewide competitive programs.

FUNDING FOR ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PLANS

The Commission set aside make up to 5% of the funds in the statewide competitive program and in the rural and small urban program available for funding active transportation plans in disadvantaged communities. A large MPO, in administering its portion of the program, shall make up to 5% of its funding available for active transportation plans in disadvantaged communities within the MPO.

The first priority for the funding of active transportation plans will be for cities, counties, county transportation commissions, regional transportation planning agencies, MPOs, school districts, or transit districts that have neither a bicycle plan, a pedestrian plan, a safe routes to schools plan, nor an active transportation plan. The second priority for the funding of active transportation plans will be for cities, counties, county transportation commissions, regional transportation planning agencies, or MPOs that have a bicycle plan or a pedestrian plan but not both.

REIMBURSEMENT

The Active Transportation Program is a reimbursement program for costs incurred. Reimbursement is requested through the invoice process detailed in Chapter 5, Accounting/Invoices, Local Assistance Procedures Manual. Costs incurred prior to Commission allocation and, for federally funded projects, Federal Highway Administration project approval (i.e. Authorization to Proceed) are not eligible for reimbursement.

ELIGIBILITY

ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

The applicant for Active Transportation Program funds assumes responsibility and accountability for the use and expenditure of program funds. Applicants must be able to comply with all the federal and state laws, regulations, policies and procedures required to enter into a Local Administering Agency-State Master Agreement (Master Agreement). Refer to Chapter 4, Agreements, of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual for guidance and procedures on Master Agreements. The following entities, within the State of California, are eligible to apply for Active Transportation Program funds:

- **Local, Regional or State Agencies**- Examples include city, county, MPO*, and Regional Transportation Planning Agency.
- Caltrans*
- Transit Agencies - Any agency responsible for public transportation that is eligible for funds under the Federal Transit Administration.
- Natural Resource or Public Land Agencies - Federal, Tribal, State, or local agency responsible for natural resources or public land administration Examples include:
 - State or local park or forest agencies
 - State or local fish and game or wildlife agencies
 - Department of the Interior Land Management Agencies
 - U.S. Forest Service
- School districts, local education agencies, or schools – May include any public or nonprofit private school. Projects **must** benefit the general public, and not only a private entity.
- Tribal Governments - Federally-recognized Native American Tribes.

- Private nonprofit tax-exempt organizations may apply for Recreational Trail Projects. Projects must benefit the general public, and not only a private entity.
- Any other entity with responsibility for oversight of transportation or recreational trails that the Commission and Caltrans determine to be eligible.

For funding awarded to a tribal government, a fund transfer to the Bureau of Indian Affairs is required. A tribal government may also partner with another eligible entity to apply if desired.

** Caltrans and MPOs, except for MPOs that are also regional transportation planning agencies, are not eligible project sponsors for the federal TAP funds appropriated to the Active Transportation Program. Therefore, funding awarded to projects submitted directly by Caltrans and MPOs are limited to other Active Transportation Program funds. Caltrans and MPOs may partner with an eligible entity to expand funding opportunities.*

PARTNERING WITH IMPLEMENTATING AGENCIES

Entities that are unable to apply for Active Transportation Program funds or that are unable to enter into a Master Agreement with the State **must** partner with an eligible applicant that can implement the project. Entities that are unfamiliar with the requirements to administer a Federal-Aid Highway Program project may partner with an eligible applicant that can implement the project. This arrangement **must** be formalized through a signed Memorandum of Understanding or Interagency Agreement between the project applicant and implementing agency.

The implementing agency will be responsible and accountable for the use and expenditure of program funds.

ELIGIBLE PROJECTS

All projects shall be selected through a competitive process and must meet one or more of the program goals. Because the majority of funds in the Active Transportation Program are federal funds, most infrastructure projects and all non-infrastructure projects must be federal-aid eligible:

- Infrastructure Projects: Capital improvements that will further the goals of this program. This typically includes the planning, design, and construction of facilities.
- Non-infrastructure Projects: Education, encouragement, and enforcement activities that further the goals of this program. **The Commission intends to focus funding for non-infrastructure projects on pilot and start-up projects that can demonstrate funding for ongoing efforts. The Active Transportation Program funds are not intended to fund ongoing program operations. Non-infrastructure projects are not limited to those benefiting school students.**
- Infrastructure projects with non-infrastructure components.

In order to maximize the effectiveness of program funding and to encourage the aggregation of small projects into a comprehensive bundle of projects, the minimum request for Active Transportation Program funds **for an infrastructure project, excluding Safe Routes to Schools projects and Recreational Trails projects,** that will be considered is ~~\$500,000~~ \$250,000. MPOs, in administering a competitive selection process, may use a different minimum funding size. Use of a minimum project size **greater than \$500,000** must be approved by the Commission prior to the MPO's call for projects.

EXAMPLE PROJECTS

Below is a list of projects considered generally eligible for Active Transportation Program funding. This list is not intended to be comprehensive; other types of projects that are not on this list may also be eligible if they further the goals of the program.

- Development of new bikeways and walkways that improve mobility, access, or safety for non-motorized users.
- Improvements to existing bikeways and walkways, which improve mobility, access, or safety for non-motorized users.
 - Elimination of hazardous conditions on existing bikeways and walkways.
 - Preventative maintenance of bikeways and walkways with the primary goal of extending the service life of the facility.
- Installation of traffic control devices to improve the safety of pedestrians and bicyclists.
- Safe Routes to School projects that improve the safety of children walking and bicycling to school, in accordance with Section 1404 of Public Law 109-59.
- Safe routes to transit projects, which will encourage transit by improving biking and walking routes to mass transportation facilities and school bus stops.
- Secure bicycle parking at employment centers, park and ride lots, rail and transit stations, and ferry docks and landings.
- Bicycle-carrying facilities on public transit, including rail and ferries.
- Establishment or expansion of a bike share program.
- Recreational trails and trailheads, park projects that facilitate trail linkages or connectivity to non-motorized corridors, and conversion of abandoned railroad corridors to trails.
- Education programs to increase bicycling and walking, and other non-infrastructure investments that demonstrate effectiveness in increasing active transportation, including but not limited to:
 - Developing bike-to-work or walk-to-work school day/month programs.
 - Conducting bicycle and/or pedestrian counts, walkability and/or bikability assessments or audits, or pedestrian and/or bicycle safety analysis to inform plans and projects.
 - Conducting pedestrian and bicycle safety education programs.
 - Development and publishing of community walking and biking maps, including school route/travel plans.
 - Developing walking school bus or bike train programs.
 - Components of open streets events directly linked to the promotion of a new infrastructure project.
 - Targeted enforcement activities around high pedestrian and/or bicycle injury and/or fatality locations (intersections or corridors). These activities cannot be general traffic enforcement but must be tied to improving pedestrian and bicyclist safety.
 - School crossing guard training.
 - School bicycle clinics.
 - Developing programs and tools that maximize use of available and emerging technologies to implement the goals of the Active Transportation Program.
- Development of a bike, pedestrian or active transportation plan.

PROJECT TYPE REQUIREMENTS

As discussed in the Funding Distribution section (above), State and Federal law segregate the Active Transportation Program into multiple, overlapping components. Below is an explanation of the requirements specific to these components.

DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES

For a project to contribute toward the Disadvantaged Communities funding requirement, the project shall clearly demonstrate a benefit to a community that meets any of the following criteria:

- The median household income is less than 80% of the statewide average based on **census tract level** data from the American Community Survey. Data is available at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml>
- An area identified as among the most disadvantaged 10% in the state according to latest versions of the California Communities Environmental Health Screening Tool (CalEnviroScreen) scores. Scores are available at <http://oehha.ca.gov/ej/ces11.html>.
- At least 75% of **public** school students in the project area are eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch Program. Data is available at <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/sd/sd/files/sp.asp>. **Applicants using this measure shall indicate how the project benefits the school students in the project area or, for projects not directly benefiting school students, explain why this measure is representative of the larger community.**

If a project applicant believes a project benefits a disadvantaged community but the project does not meet the aforementioned criteria, the applicant may submit for consideration a quantitative assessment of why the community should be considered disadvantaged.

MPOs, in administering a competitive selection process, may use different criteria for determining which projects benefit Disadvantaged Communities if the criteria are approved by the Commission prior to the MPO's call for projects.

SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL PROJECTS

For a project to contribute toward the Safe Routes to School funding requirement, the project shall directly increase safety and convenience for **public** school students to walk and/or bike to school. Safe Routes to Schools infrastructure projects must be located within two miles of a public school **or public school bus stop**. Other than traffic education and enforcement activities, non-infrastructure projects do not have a location restriction.

RECREATIONAL TRAILS PROJECTS

For Recreational Trails types of projects to be eligible for Active Transportation Program funding, the projects must meet the federal requirements of the Recreational Trails Program (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/recreational_trails/) as such projects may not be eligible for funding from other sources.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE RESOURCE CENTER

In 2010, Caltrans entered into a multi-year interagency agreement with the California Department of Public Health and the University of California, San Francisco to act as the Technical Assistance Resource Center for the Safe Routes to Schools program. The purpose of the center is to build and support capacity among local and regional Safe Routes to School projects with an emphasis on non-infrastructure projects.

Typical center roles have included:

- Providing technical assistance and training to help agencies deliver existing and future projects and to strengthen community involvement in future projects including those in disadvantaged communities.
- Developing and providing educational materials to local communities by developing a community awareness kit, creating an enhanced Safe Routes to Schools website, and providing other educational tools and resources.
- Participating in and assisting with the Safe Routes to Schools Advisory Committee.
- Assisting with program evaluation.

The Commission intends to comply with the statutory requirement to fund a state technical assistance center by expanding the existing Safe Routes to Schools Technical Assistance Resource Center interagency agreement to serve all types of Active Transportation Program non-infrastructure projects. Should this not occur, the Commission will consider grant applications to fund additional technical assistance activities.

PROJECT SELECTION PROCESS

PROJECT APPLICATION

Active Transportation Program project applications are available at www.dot.ca.gov

A project application shall include the signature of the Chief Executive Officer or other officer authorized by the applicant's governing board. Where the project is to be implemented by an agency other than the applicant, documentation of the agreement between the project applicant and implementing agency shall be submitted with the project application. A project application shall also include documentation of all other funds committed to the projects.

Project nominations should be addressed or delivered to:

Caltrans

Division of Local Assistance, MS 1
Attention April Nitsos
P.O. Box 942874
Sacramento, CA 95814

Except for applications submitted through an optional MPO supplemental call for project, the Commission will consider only projects for which five hard copies and one electronic copy (via cd or portable hard drive) of a complete nomination are received by **May 21, 2014**. By the same date, an additional copy shall also be sent to the Regional Transportation Planning Agency or County Transportation Commission within which the project is located and to the MPO.

SEQUENTIAL PROJECT SELECTION

All project applications, **except for applications submitted through an optional MPO supplemental call** shall be submitted to the **Caltrans** for consideration in the statewide competition. The Commission will consider approval of a competitive grant only when it finds that the grant request meets the requirements of statute and that the project has a commitment of any supplementary funding needed for a full funding plan.

Projects not selected for programming in the statewide competition shall be considered in the large MPO run competitions or the state run Small Urban or Rural competitions.

A large urban MPO may elect to have a supplemental MPO specific call for projects. The projects received in this call shall be considered along with those not selected through the statewide competition.

A large urban MPO choosing to use the same project selection criteria and weighting, minimum project size, and definition of disadvantage communities for its competitive selection process may defer its project selection to the Commission.

MPO COMPETITIVE PROJECT SELECTION

As stated above, projects not selected for programming in the statewide competition shall be considered by the MPOs in administering a competitive selection process. A MPO choosing to use the same project selection criteria and weighting, minimum project size, match requirement, and definition of disadvantage communities as used by the Commission for the statewide competition may defer its project selection to the Commission.

A MPO, with Commission approval, may use a different project selection criteria or weighting, minimum project size, match requirement, or definition of disadvantage communities for its competitive selection process. **Use of a minimum project size of \$500,000 or less, or of a larger match requirement than in the statewide competitive program does not require prior Commission approval.** A MPO may also elect to have a supplemental MPO specific call for projects. The projects received in this call shall be considered along with those not selected through the statewide competition.

In administering a competitive selection process, a MPO shall use a multidisciplinary advisory group to assist in evaluating project applications. Following its competitive selection process, a MPO shall submit its programming recommendations to the Commission along with a list of the members of its multidisciplinary advisory group. **If the MPO submitted a project application and that project is recommended for programming, the MPO shall explain how its evaluation process resulted in an unbiased evaluation of projects.**

SCREENING CRITERIA

Demonstrated needs of the applicant: A project that is already fully funded will not be considered for funding in the Active Transportation Program. The Commission **will** make an exception to this policy by allowing the supplanting of federal funds on a project for the 2014 Active Transportation Program.

Consistency with a regional transportation plan: All projects submitted must be consistent with the relevant adopted regional transportation plan that has been developed and updated pursuant to Government Code Section 65080.

SCORING CRITERIA

Proposed projects will be rated and ranked on the basis of applicant responses to the below criteria. Project programming recommendations may not be based strictly on the rating criteria because of the various components of the Active Transportation Program and the requirements of the various fund sources.

- Potential for increased walking and bicycling, especially among students, including the identification of walking and bicycling routes to and from schools, transit facilities, community centers, **employment centers**, and other destinations; and including increasing and improving connectivity and mobility of non-motorized users. (0 to **30** points)
- Potential for reducing **the number and/or rate of** pedestrian and bicyclist fatalities and injuries, including the identification of safety hazards for pedestrians and bicyclists. (0 to **25** points)
- **Public participation and Planning**. (0 to 15 points)

Identification of the community-based public participation process that culminated in the project proposal, which may include noticed meetings and consultation with local stakeholders. Project applicants must clearly articulate how the local participation process **resulted in the identification and prioritization of the proposed project**.

For projects costing \$1 million or more, an emphasis will be placed on projects that **are prioritized in** an adopted city or county bicycle transportation plan, pursuant to Section 891.2, pedestrian plan, safe routes to school plan, active transportation plan, **trail plan or circulation element of a general plan that incorporated elements of an active transportation plan**. In future funding cycles, the Commission expects to make consistency with an approved active transportation plan a requirement for large projects.

- Cost-effectiveness, defined as maximizing the impact of the funds provided. (0 to **10** points)

Applicants shall **discuss the relative costs and benefits of the range of alternatives considered and quantify the safety and mobility benefit in relationship to total project cost**.

Caltrans shall develop a benefit/cost model for **infrastructure and non-infrastructure** active transportation projects in order to improve information available to decision makers at the state and MPO level in future programming cycles.

- **Improved public health through the targeting of populations with high risk factors for obesity, physical inactivity, asthma or other health issues**. (0 to 10 points)
- Use of the California Conservation Corps or a qualified community conservation corps, as defined in Section 14507.5 of the Public Resources Code, as partners to undertake or construct applicable projects in accordance with Section 1524 of Public Law 112-141. **Points will be deducted if an applicant does not seek corps participation or if an applicant intends not to utilize a corps in a project in which the corps can participate**. (0 to -5 points)

The California Conservation Corps can be contacted at ccc.ca.gov. Community conservation corps can be contacted at californialocalconservationcorps.org.

Direct contracting with the California Conservation Corps or a qualified community conservation corps without bidding is permissible provided that the responsible agency demonstrates cost effectiveness per 23 CFR 635.204 and obtains approval from Caltrans. A copy of the agreement between the implementing agency and the proposed conservation corps shall be included in the project application as supporting documentation.

- Applicant's performance on past grants. This may include project delivery, project benefits (anticipated v. actual), and use of the California Conservation Corps or qualified community conservation corps (planned v. actual). Applications from agencies with poor performance records on past grants may be excluded from competing or may be penalized in scoring. (0 to -10 points)

PROJECT EVALUATION COMMITTEE

Commission staff will form a multidisciplinary Project Evaluation Committee to assist in evaluating project applications. In forming the Project Evaluation Committee, staff will seek participants with expertise in bicycling and pedestrian transportation, including Safe Routes to Schools type projects, and in projects benefiting disadvantaged communities, and will seek representation from state agencies, large MPOs, small urban and rural areas, and non-governmental organizations. Priority for participation in the evaluation committee will be given to those who do not represent a project sponsor or applicant, or will not benefit from projects submitted by others.

In reviewing and selecting projects to be funded by federal funds in the Recreational Trails Program, the Commission staff will collaborate with the Department of Parks and Recreation to evaluate proposed projects.

MPOs, in administering a competitive selection process, shall use a multidisciplinary advisory group, similar to the aforementioned Project Evaluation Committee, to assist in evaluating project applications.

PROGRAMMING

PROJECT PROGRAMMING

Following at least one public hearing, the Commission will adopt a program of projects for the Active Transportation Program, by April 1 of each odd numbered year. The Active Transportation Program shall be developed consistent with the fund estimate and the amount programmed in each fiscal year shall not exceed the amount identified in the fund estimate.

The program of projects for each fiscal year will include, for each project, the amount to be funded from the Active Transportation Program, and the estimated total cost of project construction or equipment acquisition, including any additional supplementary funding. Project costs in the Active Transportation Program will include all project support costs and all project listings will specify costs for each of the following components: (1) completion of all permits and environmental studies; (2) preparation of plans, specifications, and estimates; (3) right-of-way capital outlay (4) support for right-of-way acquisition; (5) construction capital outlay; and (6) construction management and engineering, including surveys and inspection. The cost of each project component will be listed in the Active Transportation Program no earlier than in the fiscal year in which the particular project component can be implemented.

When proposing to fund only preconstruction components for a project, the applicant shall demonstrate the means by which it intends to fund the construction of a useable segment, consistent with the regional transportation plan or the Caltrans interregional transportation strategic plan.

When project design, right-of-way or construction are programmed before the implementing agency completes the environmental process, updated cost estimates, updated analysis of the project's cost effectiveness, and updated analysis of the project's ability to further the goals of the program shall be submitted to the Commission following completion of the environmental process. If this updated information indicates that a project is expected to accomplish fewer benefits or is less cost effective as compared with the initial project application, future funding for the project may be deleted from the program. For the MPO selected competitions, this information shall be submitted to the MPO. It is the responsibility of the MPO to recommend that the project be deleted from the program if warranted.

The Commission will program and allocate funding to projects in whole thousands of dollars and will include a project only if it is fully funded from a combination of Active Transportation Program and other committed funding. The Commission will regard funds as committed when they are programmed by the Commission or when the agency with discretionary authority over the funds has made its commitment to the project by ordinance or resolution. For federal formula funds, including Surface Transportation Program, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program, and federal formula transit funds, the commitment may be by Federal approval of the Federal Statewide Transportation Improvement Program adoption. For federal discretionary funds, the commitment may be by federal approval of a full funding grant agreement or by grant approval.

~~The Commission may approve an amendment to the Active Transportation Program at any time. An amendment must appear in an agenda published 10 days in advance of the Commission meeting. Amendments do not require the 30-day notice that applies to a State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) amendment. Amendments to the MPO selected portion of the program must be approved by the MPO prior to Commission approval.~~

If the program of projects adopted by the Commission does not program the full capacity identified in the fund estimate for a given fiscal year, the balance will remain available for future program amendments to advance programmed projects. Subject to the availability of federal funds, a balance not programmed in one fiscal year will carry over and be available for projects in the following fiscal year, except that unprogrammed funds will not carry over into a subsequent fund estimate.

The intent of the Commission is to consolidate the allocation of federal funds to as few projects as practicable. Therefore, the smallest project may be designated, at the time of programming, for state-only funding.

ALLOCATIONS

The Commission will consider the allocation of funds for a project when it receives an allocation request and recommendation from Caltrans in the same manner as for the STIP (see section 64 of the STIP guidelines). The recommendation will include a determination of project readiness, the availability of appropriated funding, and the availability of all identified and committed supplementary funding.

~~Where the project is to be implemented by an agency other than the applicant, the allocation request shall include a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding or Interagency Agreement between the project applicant and implementing agency~~

The Commission will approve the allocation if the funds are available and the allocation is necessary to implement the project as included in the adopted Active Transportation Program.

In order to ensure the timely use of all program funds, the Commission will, in the last quarter of the fiscal year, allocate funds to projects programmed in a future fiscal year on a first-come, first served basis. If there are insufficient funds, the Commission may delay the allocation of funds to a project until the next fiscal year without requiring an extension. Should requests for allocations exceed available capacity, the Commission will give priority to projects programmed in the current-year.

Allocation requests for a project in the MPO selected portion of the program must include a recommendation by the MPO.

In compliance with Section 21150 of the Public Resources Code, the Commission will not allocate funds for design, right-of-way, or construction prior to documentation of environmental clearance under the California Environmental Quality Act. As a matter of policy, the Commission will not allocate funds for design, right-of-way, or construction of a federally funded project prior to documentation of environmental clearance under the National Environmental Policy Act. Exceptions to this policy may be made in instances where federal law allows for the acquisition of right-of-way prior to completion of National Environmental Policy Act review.

If a project requests an allocation of funds in an amount that is less than the amount programmed, the balance of the programmed amount may be allocated to a programmed project advanced from a future fiscal year. A MPO, in administering its competitive portion of the Active Transportation Program, shall determine which projects to advance and make that recommendation to the Commission. Unallocated funds in one fiscal year will carry over and be available for projects in the following fiscal year, except that unallocated funds will not carry over into a subsequent fund estimate.

PROJECT DELIVERY

Active Transportation Program allocations must be requested in the fiscal year of project programming, and are valid for award for six months from the date of allocation unless the Commission approves an extension. However, if there are insufficient funds, the Commission may delay the allocation of funds to a project until the next fiscal year without requiring an extension. Applicants may submit and the Commission will evaluate extension requests in the same manner as for STIP projects (see section 66 of the STIP guidelines) except that extension to the period for project allocation and for project award will be limited to twelve months. Extension requests for a project in the MPO selected portion of the program must include a recommendation by the MPO, consistent with the preceding requirements

Whenever programmed funds are not allocated within this deadline, the project will be deleted from the Active Transportation Program. Funds available following the deletion of a project may be allocated to a programmed project advanced from a future fiscal year. A MPO, in administering its competitive portion of the Active Transportation Program, shall determine which projects to advance and make that recommendation to the Commission. Unallocated funds in one fiscal year will carry over and be available for projects in the following fiscal year, except that unallocated funds will not carry over into a subsequent fund estimate.

The responsible agency must enter into a cooperative agreement with Caltrans and, if the project is federally funded, obligate the federal funds within six months.

Funds allocated for project development or right of way costs must be expended by the end of the second fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the funds were allocated. After the award of a contract, the project sponsor has up to 36 months to complete (accept) the contract. At the time of fund allocation, the Commission may extend the deadline for completion of work and the liquidation of funds if necessary to accommodate the proposed expenditure plan for the project. The project sponsor has six months after contract acceptance to make the final payment to the contractor or vendor, prepare the final Report of Expenditure and submit the final invoice to Caltrans for reimbursement.

If the amount of a contract award is less than the amount allocated, or if the final cost of a component is less than the amount awarded, the saving generated will not be available for future programming or allocation.

Caltrans will track the delivery of Active Transportation Program projects and submit to the Commission a semiannual report showing the delivery of each project phase.

PROJECT INACTIVITY

Once funds for a project are encumbered, project applicants are expected to invoice on a regular basis (for federal funds, see 23 CFR 630.106 and the Caltrans' Inactive Obligation Policy). Failure to do so will result in the project being deemed "inactive" and subject to deobligation if proper justification is not provided.

PROJECT REPORTING

As a condition of the project allocation, the Commission will require the implementing agency to submit semi-annual reports on the activities and progress made toward implementation of the project and a final delivery report. An agency implementing a project in the MPO selected portion of the program shall also submit copies of its semi-annual reports and of its final delivery report to the MPO. The purpose of the reports is to ensure that the project is executed in a timely fashion and is within the scope and budget identified when the decision was made to fund the project. Costs associated with reporting are an eligible project cost.

Within one year of the project becoming operable, the implementing agency shall provide a final delivery report to the Commission which includes:

- The scope of the completed project as compared to the programmed project.
- Before and after photos documenting the project.
- The final costs as compared to the approved project budget.
- Its duration as compared to the project schedule in the project application.
- Performance outcomes derived from the project as compared to those described in the project application. This should include before and after pedestrian and/or bicycle counts, and an explanation of the methodology for conduction counts.
- Actual use of the California Conservation Corps or qualified community conservation corps as compared to the use in the project application.

Please note, the final delivery report required by this section is in addition to the aforementioned final Report of Expenditure..

For the purpose of this section, a project becomes operable when the construction contract is accepted or acquired equipment is received, or in the case of non-infrastructure activities, when the activities are complete.

Caltrans shall audit a sample of Active Transportation Program projects to **evaluate the performance of the project**, determine whether project costs incurred and reimbursed are in compliance with the executed project agreement or approved amendments thereof; state and federal laws and regulations; contract provisions; and Commission guidelines, and whether project deliverables (outputs) and outcomes are consistent with the project scope, schedule and benefits described in the executed project agreement or approved amendments thereof. **A report on the projects audited shall be submitted to the Commission annually.**

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION (COMMISSION)

The Commission responsibilities include:

- Adopt guidelines and policies for the Active Transportation Program.
- Adopt Active Transportation Program Fund Estimate.
- Evaluate projects, including the forming of the Project Evaluation Committee.
- Adopt a program of projects, including:
 - The statewide portion of the Active Transportation Program,
 - The rural portion of the Active Transportation Program,
 - The small urban portion of the Active Transportation Program, and
 - The MPO selected portion of the program based on the recommendations of the MPOs.
 - Ensure that at least 25% of the funds benefit disadvantage communities.
- Allocate funds to projects.
- Evaluate and report to the legislature.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CALTRANS)

Caltrans has the primary responsibility for the administration of the Active Transportation Program. Responsibilities include:

- Provide statewide program and procedural guidance to the Districts (i.e. provide project evaluation of materials and instructions), conducts outreach through various networks such as, but not limited to, the Active Transportation Program website, and at conferences, meetings, or workgroups.
- Solicit project applications for the program.
- Facilitate the Project Evaluation Committee.
- Perform eligibility reviews of Active Transportation Program projects.
- Review project applications for scope, cost, schedule, and completeness.
- Recommend projects to the Commission for programming and allocation.
- Notify applicants of the results after each call for projects.
- Track and report on project implementation.
- **Audit a selection of projects**

- Serve as the main point of contact in project implementation after notifying successful applicants of award.

METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS WITH LARGE URBANIZED AREAS

MPOs with large urbanized areas are responsible for overseeing a competitive project selection process in accordance with these guidelines. The responsibilities include:

- Ensure that at least 25% of the funds in each MPO must benefit disadvantage communities.
- If using different project selection criteria or weighting, minimum project size, match requirement, or definition of disadvantage communities for its competitive selection process, the MPO must obtain Commission approval prior to the MPO's call for projects. **Use of a minimum project size of \$500,000 or less, or of a larger match requirement than in the statewide competitive program does not require prior Commission approval.**
- If electing to have a supplemental MPO specific call for projects, the projects within the MPO boundaries that were not selected through the statewide competition shall be considered along with those received in the supplemental call for projects.
- In administering a competitive selection process, a MPO shall use a multidisciplinary advisory group to assist in evaluating project applications.
- In administering a competitive selection process, a MPO shall explain how the projects recommended for programming by the MPO include a broad spectrum of projects to benefit pedestrians and bicyclists. The explanation shall include a discussion of how the recommended projects benefit students walking and cycling to school.
- A MPO choosing to use the same project selection criteria and weighting, minimum project size, and definition of disadvantage communities for its competitive selection process may defer its project selection to the Commission.
- Approve amendments to the MPO selected portion of the program prior to Commission approval.
- Recommend allocation requests for a project in the MPO selected portion of the program.
- Determine which projects to advance and make that recommendation to the Commission.
- **Submit an annual assessment of its portion of the program in terms of its effectiveness in achieving the goals of the Active Transportation Program.**

The following statutory requirements apply specifically to the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG):

- SCAG shall consult with county transportation commissions, the Commission, and Caltrans in the development of competitive project selection criteria. The criteria should include consideration of geographic equity, consistent with program objectives.
- SCAG shall place priority on projects that are consistent with plans adopted by local and regional governments within the county where the project is located.
- SCAG shall obtain concurrence from the county transportation commissions.

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AGENCIES OUTSIDE A MPO WITH LARGE URBANIZED AREAS AND A MPO WITHOUT LARGE URBANIZED AREAS

These Regional Transportation Planning Agencies and MPOs may make recommendations or provide input to Commission regarding the projects within their boundaries that are applying for Active Transportation Program funding.

PROJECT APPLICANT

Project applicants nominate Active Transportation Program projects for funding consideration. If awarded Active Transportation Program funding for a submitted project, the project applicant has contractual responsibility for carrying out the project to completion and complying with reporting requirements in accordance with federal, state, and local laws and regulations, and these guidelines.

For capital projects off the state highway system, the project applicant will be responsible for the ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility. If another entity agrees to assume responsibility for the ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility, documentation of the agreement shall be submitted with the project application, and a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding or Interagency Agreement between the parties shall be submitted with the request for allocation.

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PLAN

A city, county, county transportation commission, regional transportation planning agency, MPO, school district, or transit district may prepare an active transportation plan. An active transportation plan prepared by a city or county may be integrated into the circulation element of its general plan or a separate plan. An active transportation plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following components or explain why the component is not applicable:

- a) The estimated number of existing bicycle trips and pedestrian trips in the plan area, both in absolute numbers and as a percentage of all trips, and the estimated increase in the number of bicycle trips and pedestrian trips resulting from implementation of the plan.
- b) The number and location of collisions, serious injuries, and fatalities suffered by bicyclists and pedestrians in the plan area, both in absolute numbers and as a percentage of all collisions and injuries, and a goal for collision, serious injury, and fatality reduction after implementation of the plan.
- c) A map and description of existing and proposed land use and settlement patterns which shall include, but not be limited to, locations of residential neighborhoods, schools, shopping centers, public buildings, major employment centers, and other destinations.
- d) A map and description of existing and proposed bicycle transportation facilities.
- e) A map and description of existing and proposed end-of-trip bicycle parking facilities.
- f) A description of existing and proposed policies related to bicycle parking in public locations, private parking garages and parking lots and in new commercial and residential developments.
- g) A map and description of existing and proposed bicycle transport and parking facilities for connections with and use of other transportation modes. These shall include, but not be limited to, parking facilities at transit stops, rail and transit terminals, ferry docks and landings, park and ride lots, and provisions for transporting bicyclists and bicycles on transit or rail vehicles or ferry vessels.
- h) A map and description of existing and proposed pedestrian facilities at major transit hubs. These shall include, but not be limited to, rail and transit terminals, and ferry docks and landings.
- i) A description of proposed signage providing wayfinding along bicycle and pedestrian networks to designated destinations.
- j) A description of the policies and procedures for maintaining existing and proposed bicycle and pedestrian facilities, including but not limited to the maintenance of smooth pavement, freedom from encroaching vegetation, maintenance of traffic control devices including striping and other pavement markings, and lighting.

- k) A description of bicycle and pedestrian safety, education, and encouragement programs conducted in the area included within the plan, efforts by the law enforcement agency having primary traffic law enforcement responsibility in the area to enforce provisions of the law impacting bicycle and pedestrian safety, and the resulting effect on accidents involving bicyclists and pedestrians.
- l) A description of the extent of community involvement in development of the plan, including disadvantaged and underserved communities.
- m) A description of how the active transportation plan has been coordinated with neighboring jurisdictions and is consistent with other local or regional transportation, air quality, or energy conservation plans, including, but not limited to, general plans and a Sustainable Community Strategy in a Regional Transportation Plan.
- n) A description of the projects and programs proposed in the plan and a listing of their priorities for implementation, including the methodology for project prioritization and a proposed timeline for implementation.
- o) A description of past expenditures for bicycle and pedestrian facilities and programs, and future financial needs for projects and programs that improve safety and convenience for bicyclists and pedestrians in the plan area. Include anticipated revenue sources and potential grant funding for bicycle and pedestrian uses.
- p) A description of steps necessary to implement the plan and the reporting process that will be used to keep the adopting agency and community informed of the progress being made in implementing the plan.
- q) A resolution showing adoption of the plan by the city, county or district. If the active transportation plan was prepared by a county transportation commission, regional transportation planning agency, MPO, school district or transit district, the plan should indicate the support via resolution of the city(s) or county(s) in which the proposed facilities would be located.

A city, county, school district, or transit district that has prepared an active transportation plan may submit the plan to the county transportation commission or transportation planning agency for approval. The city, county, school district, or transit district may submit an approved plan to Caltrans in connection with an application for funds active transportation facilities which will implement the plan.

Additional information related to active transportation plans can be found in the sections on Funding for Active Transportation Plans and Scoring Criteria.

FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless programmed for state-only funding, project applicants must comply with the provisions of Title 23 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations and with the processes and procedures contained in the Caltrans Local Assistance Procedure Manual and the Master Agreement with Caltrans. Below are examples of federal requirements that must be met when administering Active Transportation Program projects.

- National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) compliance and documentation is required on all projects. Refer to Chapter 6, Environmental Procedures, of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual for guidance and procedures on complying with NEPA and other federal environmentally related laws.
- Project applicants may not proceed with the final design of a project or request "Authorization to proceed with Right-of-Way" or "Authorization to proceed with Construction" until Caltrans has

signed a Categorical Exclusion, a finding of No Significant Impact, or a Record of Decision. Failure to follow this requirement will make the project ineligible for federal reimbursement.

- If the project requires the purchase of right of way (the acquisition of real property), the provisions of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 apply. For more information, refer to Chapter 13, Right of Way, of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual.
- If the project applicant requires the consultation services of architects, landscape architects, land surveyors, or engineers, the procedures in the Chapter 10, Consultant Selection, of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual must be followed.
- Contract documents are required to incorporate applicable federal requirements such as Davis Bacon wage rates, competitive bidding, Disadvantaged Business Enterprises/Equal Employment Opportunity provisions, etc. For more information, refer to Chapter 9, Civil Rights and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises, and Chapter 12, Plans, Specifications & Estimate, of the Local Assistance Procedures Manual

Failure to comply with federal requirements may result in the repayment to the State of Active Transportation Program funds.

DESIGN STANDARDS

Streets and Highways Code Section 891 requires that all city, county, regional, and other local agencies responsible for the development or operation of bikeways or roadways where bicycle travel is permitted utilize all minimum safety design criteria established by Caltrans. Chapter 11, Design Standards, of the Caltrans Local Assistance Procedure Manual describes statewide design standards, specifications, procedures, guides, and references that are acceptable in the geometric, drainage, and structural design of Local Assistance projects. The chapter also describes design exception approval procedures, including the delegation of design exception approval authority to the City and County Public Works Directors for projects not on the state highway system. These standards and procedures shall be used for all Active Transportation Program projects except recreation trails projects. With each programming cycle, Caltrans shall report on the number and nature of design exceptions requested, whether those design exceptions were approved or denied, and when denied the reason for the denial.

For capital projects off the state highway system, the project applicant will be responsible for the ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility. If another entity agrees to assume responsibility for the ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility, documentation of the agreement shall be submitted with the project application, and a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding or Interagency Agreement between the parties shall be submitted with the request for allocation.

All facilities constructed using Active Transportation Program funds cannot revert to a non-Active Transportation Program use for a minimum of 20 years or its actual useful life as documented in the project application, whichever is less, without approval of the Commission.

PROGRAM EVALUATION

The Active Transportation Program will be evaluated for its effectiveness in increasing the use of active modes of transportation in California. Applicants that receive funding for a project shall collect and submit data to Caltrans as described in the "Project Reporting" section.

By December 31, 2014, the Commission will post its website information about the initial program of projects, including a list of all projects programmed and allocated in each portion of the program, by region, and by project type, along with information on grants awarded to disadvantaged communities,

After 2014, the Commission will include in its annual report to the Legislature a discussion on the effectiveness of the program in terms of planned and achieved improvement in mobility and safety and timely use of funds, and will include a summary of its activities relative to the administration of the Active Transportation Program including:

- Projects programmed,
- Projects allocated
- Projects completed to date by project type,
- Projects completed to date by geographic distribution,
- Projects completed to date by benefit to disadvantaged communities, and
- Projects completed to date with the California Conservation Corps or qualified community conservation corps.

DRAFT



Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

January 16, 2014

May is Bike Month Planning

Issue: How could cities and counties become more involved in promoting May is Bike Month?

Recommendation: This item is for information sharing and discussion.

Discussion: 2014 marks the region's 10th annual May is Bike Month campaign.

In 2013, nearly 9,000 participants logged 1.75 million miles during the month May. In an effort to help grow in 2014, staff is seeking to increase participation from jurisdictions and jurisdiction staff to help promote the campaign. At this time, SACOG staff aims to involve the Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee in a brainstorming session on ways to increase participation from member jurisdictions.

Additionally, project staff has begun planning the schedule of Energizer Stations for May is Bike Month. In the past, these have been held from mid-April to mid-May across the region. The intent is to share information with bicyclists new to the campaign as well as energize all participants. Staff is soliciting input on new locations throughout the region for Energizer Stations, particularly in Sutter, Yuba, Placer, and El Dorado counties.

CH:gg

Key Staff: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services, (916) 340-6276
Lacey Symons-Holtzen, Active Transportation Team Manager, (916) 340-6212
Victoria S. Cacciatore, Active Transportation Team Project Coordinator, (916) 340-6214
A.J. Tendick, May is Bike Month Project Manager, (916) 340-6215
Charis Hill, May is Bike Month Project Assistant, (916) 319-5186



Item #7

Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee

January 16, 2014

California by Bike Summit Report

Issue: Conference attendees will share their experiences.

Recommendation: This item is for information sharing and discussion.

Discussion: The California Bicycle Coalition hosted the California by Bike Summit in Oakland November 7-10, 2013. The summit brought together over 200 leaders from bicycle advocacy, the bike industry, and bike-enthusiasts from planning, transit, health, and other backgrounds to discuss the future of bicycle planning and advocacy in California. Discussion topics included women's advocacy efforts, the role of infrastructure, the next generation of advocates, and the growth of biking nationwide.

Attendees will share their experiences and takeaways from the summit while seeking to involve the Bicycle & Pedestrian Advisory Committee in a broader information sharing session.

CH:gg

Key Staff: Matt Carpenter, Director of Transportation Services, (916) 340-6276
Lacey Symons-Holtzen, Active Transportation Team Manager, (916) 340-6212
Victoria S. Cacciatore, Active Transportation Team Project Coordinator, (916) 340-6214
Charis Hill, Transportation Demand Assistant, (916) 319-5186